

323(4): Check a Lorentz Transform of  $A^\mu$  and  $J^\mu$

By definition:  $A^\mu = \left( \frac{\phi}{c}, \underline{A} \right) - (1)$

and  $J^\mu = (c\rho, \underline{J}) - (2)$

Consider a Lorentz boost in the  $z$  direction. Then:

$$\begin{bmatrix} \phi'/c \\ A_x' \\ A_y' \\ A_z' \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \gamma & 0 & 0 & -\beta\gamma \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -\beta\gamma & 0 & 0 & \gamma \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \phi/c \\ A_x \\ A_y \\ A_z \end{bmatrix} - (3)$$

so  $\phi' = \gamma(\phi - v_z A_z) - (4)$

$A_z' = \gamma\left(A_z - \frac{\phi v_z}{c^2}\right) - (5)$

Similarly:

$$\begin{bmatrix} c\rho' \\ J_x' \\ J_y' \\ J_z' \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \gamma & 0 & 0 & -\beta\gamma \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -\beta\gamma & 0 & 0 & \gamma \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} c\rho \\ J_x \\ J_y \\ J_z \end{bmatrix} - (5a)$$

so  $\rho' = \gamma\left(\rho - v_z \frac{J_z}{c^2}\right) - (6)$

$J_z' = \gamma(J_z - \rho v_z) - (7)$

For a general boost:

$$2) \quad \rho' = \gamma \left( \rho - \frac{1}{c^2} \underline{v} \cdot \underline{J} \right) - (8)$$

$$\underline{J}' = \gamma (\underline{J} - \rho \underline{v}) + (\gamma - 1) (\underline{J} \cdot \underline{\hat{v}}) \underline{\hat{v}} - (9)$$

$$\phi' = \gamma (\phi - \underline{v} \cdot \underline{A}) - (10)$$

$$\underline{A}' = \gamma \left( \underline{A} - \frac{\phi}{c^2} \underline{v} \right) + (\gamma - 1) (\underline{A} \cdot \underline{\hat{v}}) \underline{\hat{v}} - (11)$$

where

$$\underline{\hat{v}} = \frac{\underline{v}}{v} - (12)$$

Errors in the Wikipedia Site "Classical e/n and s.r."

1) Eq. (9) is incorrectly written as:

$$\underline{J}' \stackrel{?}{=} \underline{J} - \gamma \rho \underline{v} + (\gamma - 1) (\underline{J} \cdot \underline{\hat{v}}) \underline{\hat{v}} - (13)$$

2) Eq. (11) is incorrectly written as:

$$\underline{A}' \stackrel{?}{=} \underline{A} - \frac{\gamma \phi}{c^2} \underline{v} + (\gamma - 1) (\underline{A} \cdot \underline{\hat{v}}) \underline{\hat{v}} - (14)$$

Covariance of the MH and ECE2 equations:

$$\partial_\mu \tilde{F}^{\mu\nu} = 0 \rightarrow \partial_{\mu'} \tilde{F}^{\mu'\nu'} = 0 - (15)$$

and

$$\partial_\mu F^{\mu\nu} = J^\nu \rightarrow \partial_{\mu'} F^{\mu'\nu'} = J^{\nu'} - (16)$$